# ENGINE OVERHAUL

## <2.4L ENGINE>

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## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

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<th>Item</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine model</td>
<td>4B12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>In-line OHV, DOHC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of cylinders</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combustion chamber</td>
<td>Pentroof type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total displacement cm³ (cu in)</td>
<td>2,360 (144.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder bore mm (in)</td>
<td>88 (3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston stroke mm (in)</td>
<td>97 (3.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression ratio</td>
<td>10.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve timing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake valve</td>
<td>Open 0° BTDC –40° BTDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Close 64° ABDC –24° ABDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust valve</td>
<td>Open 44° BBDC –24° BBDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Close 0° ATDC –20° ATDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto lash adjuster</td>
<td>Non-equipped</td>
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## SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Standard value</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve clearance mm (in)</td>
<td>Intake 0.20 ± 0.03 (0.008 ± 0.001) –</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust 0.30 ± 0.03 (0.012 ± 0.001) –</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cam height of camshaft mm (in)</td>
<td>Intake 44.1 (1.74)</td>
<td>43.6 (1.72)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust 45.0 (1.77)</td>
<td>44.5 (1.75)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft oil clearance mm (in)</td>
<td>0 –0.032 (0.013)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head and valves</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distortion of cylinder head bottom mm (in)</td>
<td>Within 0.05 (0.002)</td>
<td>0.2 (0.008)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grinding limit of cylinder head bottom mm (in)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>0.2 (0.008)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall height of cylinder head mm (in)</td>
<td>128.5 (5.06)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall length of valve mm (in)</td>
<td>Intake 113.18 (4.456)</td>
<td>112.68 (4.436)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust 105.89 (4.169)</td>
<td>105.39 (4.149)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve margin mm (in)</td>
<td>Intake 1.022 (0.0402)</td>
<td>0.522 (0.0206)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exhaust 1.094 (0.0431)</td>
<td>0.594 (0.0234)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free height of valve spring mm (in)</td>
<td>47.2 (1.858)</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squareness of valve spring</td>
<td>2° or less</td>
<td>4°</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# ENGINE OVERHAUL <2.4L ENGINE>
## REWORK DIMENSIONS

### Clearance between valve guide and valve stem mm (in)
- Intake: 0.020 – 0.047 (0.0008 – 0.0019)
- Exhaust: 0.030 – 0.054 (0.0012 – 0.0021)

### Valve seat contact width mm (in)
- Intake: 1.16 – 1.46 (0.046 – 0.058)
- Exhaust: 1.35 – 1.65 (0.053 – 0.065)

### Valve guide press-in height mm (in)
- 14.6 – 15.2 (0.57 – 0.60)

### Piston and connecting rod

#### Piston pin press-fit load N (lbf)
- 7,500 – 17,500 (1.686 – 3.934)

#### Clearance between piston ring and ring groove mm (in)
- Number 1: 0.03 – 0.07 (0.001 – 0.003)
- Number 2: 0.03 – 0.07 (0.001 – 0.003)

#### Piston ring end gap mm (in)
- Number 1: 0.15 – 0.25 (0.006 – 0.011)
- Number 2: 0.25 – 0.40 (0.010 – 0.016)
- Oil: 0.10 – 0.35 (0.004 – 0.014)

#### Clearance of connecting rod big end thrust mm (in)
- 0.10 – 0.25 (0.004 – 0.010)

#### Difference of outside diameter of connecting rod bolt mm (in)
- 0.1 (0.04)

#### Connecting rod bearing oil clearance mm (in)
- 0.018 – 0.045 (0.0007 – 0.0018)

### Crankshaft and cylinder block

#### Underhead length of crankshaft bearing cap bolt mm (in)
- 75.5 – 76.5 (2.972 – 3.012)

#### Crankshaft end play mm (in)
- 0.05 – 0.25 (0.002 – 0.010)

#### Crankshaft journal oil clearance mm (in)
- 0.012 – 0.030 (0.0005 – 0.0012)

#### Distortion of cylinder block top surface mm (in)
- 0.05 (0.0020)

#### Grinding limit of cylinder block top surface mm (in)
- 0.2 (0.008)

#### Cylinder block cylinder bore mm (in)
- 88 (3.46)

#### Cylindricity of cylinder block mm (in)
- 0.0076 (0.0003)

### Cylinder head and valve

#### Cylinder head oversize valve seat bore diameter mm (in)
- Intake: 0.30 Oversize: 36.22 – 36.24 (1.426 – 1.427)
- Exhaust: 0.30 Oversize: 30.22 – 30.24 (1.190 – 1.191)

#### Cylinder head oversize valve guide bore diameter mm (in)
- 0.25 Oversize: 11.23 – 11.25 (0.442 – 0.443)
<table>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Generator and ignition system</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idler pulley bolt</td>
<td>48 ± 7 N·m (36 ± 4 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto tensioner bolt</td>
<td>22 ± 4 N·m (17 ± 2 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft pulley center bolt</td>
<td>210 N·m (155 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator nut</td>
<td>44 ± 10 N·m (32 ± 7 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator bolt</td>
<td>44 ± 10 N·m (32 ± 7 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition coil bolt</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark plug</td>
<td>25 ± 5 N·m (18 ± 4 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power steering pump bracket bolt (M8)</td>
<td>23 ± 2 N·m (17 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power steering pump bracket bolt (M10)</td>
<td>44 ± 8 N·m (33 ± 5 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Throttle body and EGR system</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vacuum pipe and hose bolt</td>
<td>11 ± 1 N·m (98 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throttle body bolt</td>
<td>9.5 ± 2.5 N·m (84 ± 22 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throttle body stay bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGR valve support bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGR pipe bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGR support stay A bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGR support stay B bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EGR valve bolt</td>
<td>24 ± 3 N·m (18 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor screw</td>
<td>4.0 ± 1.0 N·m (36 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purge solenoid valve screw</td>
<td>4.0 ± 1.0 N·m (36 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intake manifold and fuel system</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil dipstick guide bolt</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injector protector rear bolt</td>
<td>3.5 ± 1.5 N·m (31 ± 13 in-lb) → 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel rail bolt</td>
<td>3.5 ± 1.5 N·m (31 ± 13 in-lb) → 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake manifold bolt and nut</td>
<td>3.5 ± 1.5 N·m (31 ± 13 in-lb) → 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake manifold stay bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injector protector front bolt</td>
<td>3.5 ± 1.5 N·m (31 ± 13 in-lb) → 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator bracket bolt</td>
<td>44 ± 8 N·m (33 ± 5 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knock sensor bolt</td>
<td>20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil pressure switch</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exhaust manifold</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold upper cover bolt &lt;Except vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>14 ± 1 N·m (124 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold upper cover bolt &lt;Vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>8 ± 2 N·m (71 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Item Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold lower cover bolt &lt;Except vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>14 ± 1 N·m (124 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold lower cover bolt &lt;Vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>8 ± 2 N·m (71 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold nut</td>
<td>49 ± 5 N·m (36 ± 3 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold bracket bolt (M8) &lt;Except vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>20 ± 5 N·m (15 ± 3 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold bracket bolt (M10) &lt;Except vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>41 ± 10 N·m (30 ± 7 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust manifold bracket bolt &lt;Vehicles for California&gt;</td>
<td>41 ± 10 N·m (30 ± 7 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft position sensor bolt</td>
<td>11 ± 1 N·m (98 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft position sensor cover bolt (M6)</td>
<td>11 ± 1 N·m (98 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water hose and pipe</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water inlet fitting bolt</td>
<td>24 ± 3 N·m (18 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water outlet fitting bolt</td>
<td>24 ± 3 N·m (18 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostat housing bolt</td>
<td>24 ± 3 N·m (18 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine hanger bolt</td>
<td>28 ± 8 N·m (21 ± 5 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine coolant temperature sensor</td>
<td>30 ± 9 N·m (22 ± 6 ft-lb)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water pump bolt</td>
<td>24 ± 3 N·m (18 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water pipe nut</td>
<td>24 ± 3 N·m (18 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft position sensor bolt</td>
<td>11 ± 1 N·m (98 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oil pan and timing chain case</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head cover bolt</td>
<td>3.0 ± 1.0 N·m (27 ± 8 in-lb) → 5.5 ± 0.5 N·m (49 ± 4 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain case bolt (M6)</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain case bolt (M8 × 10)</td>
<td>13 ± 1 N·m (115 ± 8 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain case bolt (M8 × 28)</td>
<td>24 ± 4 N·m (18 ± 2 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pan bolt (M6)</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pan bolt (M8)</td>
<td>29 ± 2 N·m (21 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air compressor bracket bolt</td>
<td>23 ± 6 N·m (17 ± 4 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil drain plug</td>
<td>39 ± 5 N·m (29 ± 3 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil filter</td>
<td>14 ± 2 N·m (124 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Positive Crankcase Ventilation Valve</td>
<td>2.5 ± 0.4 N·m (22 ± 3 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine support bracket bolt (M10)</td>
<td>45 ± 5 N·m (33 ± 3 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine support bracket bolt (M8)</td>
<td>23 ± 2 N·m (17 ± 1 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Timing chain</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chain upper guide bolt</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil jet bolt</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V.V.T. intake sprocket bolt</td>
<td>59 ± 5 N·m (44 ± 3 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V.V.T. exhaust sprocket bolt</td>
<td>59 ± 5 N·m (44 ± 3 ft-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain tensioner bolt</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tensioner lever bolt</td>
<td>10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**NEW TIGHTENING METHOD BY USING PLASTIC REGION TIGHTENING BOLT**

Plastic region tightening bolts are used in some parts of the engine. Install these bolts according to the method described in the relevant section because the tightening method of these bolts are different from the conventional method. The service limit is determined for these bolts. Be sure to strictly follow the service limit described in the body of the manual.

- Parts to be used
  1. Cylinder head bolt
  2. Bearing cap bolt
  3. Connecting rod cap bolt

**Tightening method**

After tightening to the specified tightening torque, further tighten 90° and 90°, or 180° (90° + 90°). Follow the tightening method described in the body of the manual because the tightening method differs from part to part.

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**Item Specifications**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Timing chain guide bolt</td>
<td>$10 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (89} \pm 17 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Camshaft</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil control valve (OCV) bolt</td>
<td>$10 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (89} \pm 17 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft bearing cap bolt (M6)</td>
<td>$12 \pm 1 \text{ N\cdot m (107} \pm 8 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front camshaft bearing cap bolt (M8)</td>
<td>$17 \pm 3 \text{ N\cdot m (14} \pm 2 \text{ ft-lb)} \rightarrow 30 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (22} \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cylinder head and valves</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head bolt</td>
<td>$35 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (26} \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb)} \rightarrow 90° +90°$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balancer chain</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive plate bolt</td>
<td>$40 \text{ N\cdot m (30 ft-lb)} \rightarrow 130 \text{ N\cdot m (96 ft-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flywheel bolt</td>
<td>$40 \text{ N\cdot m (30 ft-lb)} \rightarrow 130 \text{ N\cdot m (96 ft-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balancer shaft module bolt</td>
<td>$20 \text{ (15 ft-lb)} \rightarrow 44 \text{ (32 ft-lb)} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 20 \text{ (15 ft-lb)} \rightarrow 135°$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balancer shaft chain tensioner bolt</td>
<td>$10 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (89} \pm 17 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lever tensioner bolt</td>
<td>$10 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (89} \pm 17 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balancer shaft chain guide bolt</td>
<td>$10 \pm 2 \text{ N\cdot m (89} \pm 17 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ladder frame bolt</td>
<td>$26 \pm 1 \text{ N\cdot m (19} \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Piston and connecting rod</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting rod cap bolt</td>
<td>$5.0 \text{ N\cdot m (44 in-lb)} \rightarrow 20 \text{ N\cdot m (15 ft-lb)} \rightarrow +90°$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Crankshaft and cylinder block</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft sensing ring bolt</td>
<td>$11 \pm 1 \text{ N\cdot m (98} \pm 8 \text{ in-lb)}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bearing cap bolt</td>
<td>$26.5 \pm 2.0 \text{ N\cdot m (20} \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb)} \rightarrow 45°$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SEALANTS

Form-in-Place Gasket (FIPG)

The engine has several parts to which the form-in-place gasket (FIPG) is used. To sufficiently achieve the aims of this gasket, it is necessary to pay attention to the application amount, procedure, and surface status. If the application amount is too small, a leakage will occur. If the application amount is excessive, the FIPG will overflow and cause a clogging or narrowing of water and oil paths. Therefore, to eliminate the leak from the joint, it is indispensable that the FIPG be applied with a correct amount and without any gap.

Because the FIPG used for the engine parts becomes hardened by the reaction with the atmospheric moisture, it is normally used for the metal flange section.

CAUTION

Reapply the FIPG with care to the followings.

1. Completely remove the old FIPG including the residue in gaps of parts.
2. Using Mitsubishi genuine parts cleaner (MZ100387) or equivalent, degrease the FIPG application surface carefully.
3. According to the FIPG application procedures, apply it accurately.

Gasket Surface Cleaning

Use a gasket scraper or wire brush to completely remove all the foreign materials adhering to the gasket surface. Check that the FIPG application surface is smooth. There must be no grease or foreign material adhesion to the gasket surface. Do not forget to remove the old FIPG remaining in the mounting hole and tapped hole.

Application Procedure

Apply the FIPG with a specified diameter and without any gap. Completely enclose around the mounting hole. When the FIPG is not hardened, it can be wiped off. When the FIPG is still moistened, perform the installation to the specified position. At the time of installation, prevent the FIPG from adhering to locations other than it is necessary. After the installation,
until a sufficient period of time (approximately for one hours) elapses, do not contact the oil or water to the application area. Also, do not start the engine. Because the FIPG application procedure may differ depending on the application area, apply the FIPG according to the procedure described in the text.

## SPECIAL TOOLS

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</table>
Required Special Tool:
- MB991883: Flywheel Stopper
- MB991398: Spark plug wrench

Removal steps (Continued)
6. Crankshaft pulley center bolt
7. Crankshaft pulley washer
8. Crankshaft pulley
9. Ignition coil
10. Spark plug
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> CRANKSHAFT PULLEY CENTER BOLT REMOVAL
1. Use special tool MB991883, to secure the drive plate.
2. Remove the crankshaft pulley center bolt.

<<B>> SPARK PLUG REMOVAL
Using special tool MB991398, removal the spark plug.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< SPARK PLUG INSTALLATION
Use special tool MB991398, tighten the spark plug to specified tightening torque.

Tightening torque: $25 \pm 5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (18 \pm 4 \text{ ft-lb})$
>>B<< CRANKSHAFT PULLEY / CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WASHER / CRANKSHAFT PULLEY CENTER BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Use special tool MB991883, to secure the drive plate.

2. Wipe the dirt on the crankshaft pulley washer and on the thread hole of the crankshaft using a rag.

3. Wipe the dirt on the crankshaft pulley and the crankshaft sprocket using a rag, and then remove the grease from the portion shown in the illustration.

   **NOTE:** Remove grease to prevent the coefficient of friction of the pressing portion from declining due to adhesion of oil.

4. Install the crankshaft pulley.

5. Apply an appropriate and minimum amount of engine oil to the threaded portion of the crankshaft and lower part of the flange.

6. With the chamfered side on the inside of the crankshaft pulley washer facing the bolt top, install the crankshaft pulley washer to the crankshaft pulley center bolt.

7. Tighten the crankshaft pulley center bolt to the specified tightening torque.

   **Tightening torque:** 210 N·m (155 ft-lb)
>>C<< GENERATOR / POWER STEERING PUMP BRACKET INSTALLATION

1. Temporarily tighten power steering pump bracket bolts.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️
Always loosen the power steering pump bracket bolt, and temporarily the alternator. Then tighten each bolt.

2. Loosen the power steering pump bracket bolt and make the power steering pump bracket unfixed.

3. Temporarily tighten alternator bolts.

4. Tighten them to the specified tightening torque according to the order as illustrated.

**Tightening torque**
- Power steering pump bracket:  
  - M8: 23 ± 2 N·m (17 ± 1 ft-lb)  
  - M10: 44 ± 8 N·m (33 ± 5 ft-lb)  
- Generator: 44 ± 10 N·m (32 ± 7 ft-lb)
Removal steps
1. Vacuum pipe and hose
2. Purge hose
3. Chamber
4. Purge hose
5. Water hose
6. Throttle body stay
7. Throttle body
8. Throttle body gasket
9. Exhaust gas recirculation valve
10. EGR valve gasket
11. EGR pipe
12. EGR pipe gasket

Removal steps (Continued)
13. EGR valve support gasket
14. EGR support stay A
15. EGR support stay B
16. Exhaust gas recirculation valve support
17. EGR inlet pipe gasket
18. EGR inlet pipe
19. Purge solenoid valve
20. O-ring
21. Manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor
22. O-ring

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INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE (MAP) SENSOR INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️
- Install the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor, taking care not to give a shock to it.
- Do not use a manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor that has fallen down.

>>B<< EGR INLET PIPE GASKET / EGR VALVE SUPPORT GASKET / EGR PIPE GASKET INSTALLATION

Temporarily tighten each part so that the protrusion of each gasket is positioned as illustrated.

>>C<< EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION VALVE / EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION VALVE GASKET INSTALLATION

Install the Exhaust gas recirculation valve gasket with the diagonally shaded area used as the illustrated position so as not to confuse the front with the back.
**THROTTLE BODY GASKET / THROTTLE BODY INSTALLATION**

1. Make sure that the throttle body gasket is placed before installing the throttle body.
2. Temporarily tighten throttle body and throttle body stay mounting bolts at A and B in the illustration.
3. Tighten the throttle body mounting bolt at illustrated position A to the specified torque.
   
   **Tightening torque:** \( 20 \pm 2 \text{ N-m} \) (\( 15 \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb} \))
4. Tighten the throttle body mounting bolts at illustrated position B to the specified tightening torque.
   
   **Tightening torque:** \( 9.5 \pm 2.5 \text{ N-m} \) (\( 84 \pm 22 \text{ in-lb} \))

**INTAKE MANIFOLD AND FUEL SYSTEM**

**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

Removal steps

1. Oil dipstick rod
2. O-ring

Removal steps (Continued)

1. Injector protector rear
2. Bracket
3. Bracket
4. Bracket
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SWITCH INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
- Do not allow sealant to squeeze out to the screw tip.
- Do not tighten, exceeding the specified tightening torque.

1. Completely remove sealant adhering to the oil pressure switch and cylinder block threaded holes.
2. Apply sealant of 5 mm to the threaded portion of the oil pressure switch shown in the illustration.

   Specified sealant:
   - Three bond 1212D, Three bond 1215 or equivalent
3. Tighten the oil pressure switch to the cylinder block to the specified tightening torque.

   Tightening torque: \(10 \pm 2 \, \text{N} \cdot \text{m} \ (89 \pm 17 \, \text{in-lb})\)

>>B<< KNOCK SENSOR INSTALLATION

Align the knock sensor connector with the position shown in the illustration, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

   Tightening torque: \(20 \pm 2 \, \text{N} \cdot \text{m} \ (15 \pm 1 \, \text{ft-lb})\)
**>>C<< GENERATOR BRACKET INSTALLATION**

Tighten the Generator bracket to the specified tightening torque.

**Tightening torque: 44 ± 8 N·m (33 ± 5 ft-lb)**

*NOTE: Be careful to install mounting bolts because they are different in length.*

---

**>>D<< INTAKE MANIFOLD INSTALLATION**

**CAUTION**

Temporarily tighten the intake manifold because there is a bolt tightening procedure for the intake manifold, delivery pipe and injector protector.

1. Tighten each intake manifold bolt and nut to the temporarily torque.

**Temporarily torque: 3.5 ± 1.5 N·m (31 ± 13 in-lb)**

2. Then tighten the intake manifold bolt and nut to specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)**

---

**>>E<< INTAKE MANIFOLD STAY INSTALLATION**

Make sure that the intake manifold stay is in intimate contact with the intake manifold and cylinder block boss before tightening it to the specified tightening torque.

**Tightening torque: 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)**

---

**>>F<< O-RING INSTALLATION**

1. Apply gasoline to the O-ring.

2. When inserting an O-ring into the injector on the injection nozzle side, use special tool MB992106 to gradually expand the O-ring, and fit it in place.
>>G<< INJECTOR AND INJECTOR SUPPORT INSTALLATION

**CAUTION**
Do not allow gasoline to enter the delivery pipe.
1. Apply gasoline to the O-ring of the injector.
2. Insert the injector into the delivery pipe while rotating the injector from side to side, taking care not to damage the O-ring.
3. Check that the injector rotates smoothly. If it does not rotate smoothly, the O-ring may be caught. Remove the injector and check the O-ring for damage. Then, insert it again into the delivery pipe and check.
4. Make sure that the protrusion of the injector is at the center as shown in the illustration.
5. Securely assemble the injector to the injector groove and delivery pipe collar.

>>H<< FUEL RAIL ASSEMBLY / BRACKET / INJECTOR PROTECTOR REAR INSTALLATION
1. Install the delivery pipe assembly, bracket and injector protector rear on the cylinder head.
   
   Temporarily torque: $3.5 \pm 1.5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m (31 \pm 13 in-lb)}$

2. Tighten mounting bolts together with temporarily tightened intake manifold mounting bolts in the order shown in the illustration.
3. Tighten the delivery pipe assembly, bracket, injector protector rear and intake manifold in the order shown in the illustration.
   
   Tightening torque: $20 \pm 2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m (15 \pm 1 ft-lb)}$
**Removal steps**

1. Exhaust manifold bracket D
2. Exhaust manifold bracket B
3. Crankshaft position sensor cover
4. Exhaust manifold bracket A
5. Crankshaft position sensor

**Removal steps (Continued)**

>>B<<
6. O-ring
7. Exhaust manifold upper cover
8. Exhaust manifold

>>A<<
9. Exhaust manifold gasket
10. Exhaust manifold lower cover
Removal steps
1. Exhaust manifold bracket
2. Crankshaft position sensor cover
3. Crankshaft position sensor
4. O-ring

Removal steps (Continued)
5. Exhaust manifold upper cover
6. Exhaust manifold
7. Exhaust manifold gasket
8. Exhaust manifold lower cover
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< EXHAUST MANIFOLD GASKET INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
The exhaust manifold gasket, washers and nuts must not be reused.

>>B<< CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR / O-RING INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
- Do not apply a force such as torsion or twist to the O-ring during assembly of the sensor.
- Assemble the sensor, taking care not to give a shock to it.
- Do not use a sensor that has fallen down.

Tighten the crank angle sensor to the specified torque.
  Tightening torque: 11 ± 1 N·m (98 ± 8 in-lb)

>>C<< EXHAUST MANIFOLD BRACKET INSTALLATION

Make sure that exhaust manifold bracket A is in intimate contact with the exhaust manifold and cylinder block, and then tighten it to the specified tightening torque.

Tightening torque:
  M10: 41 ± 10 N·m (30 ± 7 ft-lb)
  M8: 20 ± 5 N·m (15 ± 3 ft-lb)
WATER HOSE AND PIPE

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Removal steps
1. Water hose
2. Water hose
3. Engine coolant temperature sensor
4. Water outlet fitting
5. Outlet fitting gasket
6. Water inlet fitting
7. Thermostat
8. Thermostat housing
9. Thermostat housing gasket
10. Water pipe assembly

Removal steps (Continued)
11. Water pipe gasket
12. O-ring
13. Water pump assembly
14. Water pump gasket
15. Engine hanger
16. Camshaft position sensor
17. O-ring
18. Camshaft position sensor
19. O-ring
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< THERMOSTAT HOUSING / WATER PIPE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION
Assemble the thermostat housing and water pipe, and temporarily tighten them to the cylinder head and water pump. Then tighten them to the specified tightening.

Tightening torque: $24 \pm 3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (18 \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb})$

>>B<< THERMOSTAT INSTALLATION
Install the thermostat with the jiggle-valve facing almost straight upwards.

>>C<< ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
Be careful not to give a shock, twist and the like to the resin mold with a tool during installation.

1. Apply an appropriate and minimum amount of sealant to the coolant temperature sensor, taking care not to allow sealant to squeeze out.

   Specified sealant: Three bond 1324N, LOCTITE 262 or equivalent

2. Tighten the coolant temperature sensor to the cylinder block to the specified tightening torque.

   Tightening torque: $30 \pm 9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (22 \pm 6 \text{ ft-lb})$
OIL PAN AND TIMING CHAIN CASE

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Removal steps
1. Breather hose
2. PCV hose
3. Positive Crankcase Ventilation Valve
4. Positive Crankcase Ventilation Valve gasket
5. Oil filler cap
6. O-ring
7. Oil drain plug

Removal steps (Continued)
8. Oil drain plug gasket
9. Oil filter
10. Cylinder head cover
11. Cylinder head cover gasket
12. Air compressor bracket
13. Oil pan
14. Engine support bracket
15. Front oil seal
16. Timing chain case

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OIL PAN AND TIMING CHAIN CASE

Required Special Tool:
- MB991396: Oil filter wrench
- MD998727: Oil pan FIPG cutter
- MB991448: Bushing remover and installer base

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> OIL FILTER REMOVAL
Use special tool MB991396 to remove the oil filter.

<<B>> OIL PAN REMOVAL
1. Remove oil pan tightening bolts.

⚠️ CAUTION
Lightly tap the oil pan FIPG cutter to drive in, taking care not to damage the ladder frame and oil pan sealed area.
2. Lightly tap special tool oil pan FIPG cutter (MD998727) to drive in the illustrated groove of the oil pan and ladder frame.

3. Lightly tap and slide special tool MD998727 to remove the oil pan.
<<C>> TIMING CHAIN CASE REMOVAL

If the timing chain case is difficult to remove, insert a hammer handle as shown in the illustration and lightly pry it.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< TIMING CHAIN CASE INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️

- Be sure to remove the liquid gasket entering the mounting holes, the O-ring grooves and the cylinder gasket clearance.
- Sufficiently check whether there is no residual oil on the place where degreasing is performed using white gasoline, such as the surface where the FIPG is applied and stays, or the chamfered area.
- Do not touch the area where degreasing must be performed since the oils from your fingers will harm the seal ability.

1. Completely remove the liquid gasket adhering to the timing chain case, the cylinder block and the cylinder head.
2. Completely remove the sealant remaining on the 3-plane contact surface among the cylinder head, the cylinder block and the gasket. Carry out the degreasing.
CAUTION

Install the timing chain case within three minutes after applying the liquid gasket.

3. Apply liquid gasket of 2.5 ± 0.5 mm (0.10 ± 0.02 inch) in thickness to the timing chain case. For illustrated A locations, however, apply liquid gasket of 4.5 ± 0.5 mm (0.18 ± 0.02 inch) in diameter or liquid gasket of 2.5 ± 0.5 mm (0.10 ± 0.02 inch) by putting one on top of another as shown in the illustration.

Specified sealant:
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent

4. The engine oil staying at the cylinder gasket oozes to the 3-plane contact surface described in Step 2 and 3. Swiftly apply the liquid gasket to this area after degreasing.

Specified sealant:
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent
5. Tighten timing chain case mounting bolts to the specified tightening torque.

**Tightening torque**
- **A**: 24 ± 4 N·m (18 ± 2 ft-lb)
- **B**: 10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)
- **C**: 10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)
- **D**: 13 ± 1 N·m (115 ± 8 in-lb)

>>B<< FRONT OIL SEAL INSTALLATION
1. Apply engine oil to the internal circumference of the oil seal.
2. Use special tool MB991448 to install the front oil seal on the timing chain case.

>>C<< OIL PAN INSTALLATION
1. Completely remove liquid gas ket adhering to the cylinder block and oil pan.
2. Degrease the cylinder block and oil pan.
CAUTION
Install the oil pan within three minutes after liquid gasket is applied.

3. Apply liquid gasket of \( \phi 2.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm} \) (0.10 ± 0.02 in) of thickness in diameter to the illustrated area of the oil pan.

**Specified sealant:**
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent

4. Tighten the oil pan to the specified tightening torque.

**Tightening torque:**
- M6: 10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)
- M8: 29 ± 2 N·m (21 ± 1 ft-lb)

**>>D<< CYLINDER HEAD COVER INSTALLATION**

1. Completely remove liquid gas ket adhering to the cylinder head cover, timing chain case and cylinder head.

2. Degrease the cylinder head cover, timing chain case and cylinder head.

**CAUTION**
Install the cylinder head cover immediately after liquid gasket is applied.

3. Appropriately use a minimum amount of sealant. Besides, be careful not to allow sealant to squeeze out from the application area.

**Specified sealant:**
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent

4. Tighten the cylinder head cover to the tightening torque in the order shown in the illustration.

**Tightening torque:** 3.0 ± 1.0 N·m (27 ± 8 in-lb)

5. Then, tighten it to the specified tightening torque in the same order.

**Tightening torque:** 5.5 ± 0.5 N·m (49 ± 4 in-lb)
>>E<< OIL FILTER INSTALLATION

1. Clean the oil filter mounting surface of the ladder frame.
2. Apply engine oil to the O-ring of the oil filter.

⚠️ CAUTION

Use special tool MB991396 to install the oil filter. Tightening it by hand causes oil leakage due to lack of torque.
3. Screw in the oil filter. When the O-ring contacts the mounting surface, use a filter wrench to tighten it.

**Tightening torque**

3/4 turns (14 ± 2 N·m [124 ± 17 in-lb])
Apply engine oil to all moving parts before installation.

Removal steps
1. Chain upper guide
2. Timing chain tensioner
3. Tensioner lever
4. Timing chain guide
5. Timing chain

Removal steps (Continued)
6. Oil jet
7. Exhaust V.V.T. sprocket bolt
8. Exhaust V.V.T. sprocket assembly
9. Intake V.V.T. sprocket bolt
10. Intake V.V.T. sprocket assembly
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER REMOVAL
1. Insert a flatblade screwdriver into the release hole of the timing chain tensioner to release the latch.
2. Push the tensioner lever by hand and push in the plunger of the timing chain tensioner until it hits the bottom. Then, insert a hard wire (piano wire or the like) of φ1.5 or hexagonal bar wrench (1.5 mm [0.06 inch]) into the fixing hole of the plunger.
3. Remove the timing chain tensioner.

<<B>> EXHAUST V.V.T. SPROCKET BOLT REMOVAL
Hold the hexagonal portion of the exhaust camshaft with a wrench and loosen the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket bolt.

<<C>> INTAKE V.V.T. SPROCKET BOLT REMOVAL
Hold the hexagonal portion of the intake camshaft with a wrench and loosen the intake V.V.T. sprocket bolt.
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< INTAKE V.V.T. SPROCKET BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Assemble the intake V.V.T. sprocket assembly in the following procedure.
   • Make sure that the knock pin of the inlet camshaft assembly is positioned facing straight upward.
   • Apply an appropriate and minimum amount of engine oil to the circumference of the tip of the intake V.V.T. sprocket assembly and the entire circumference of the area into which the intake V.V.T. sprocket assembly is inserted.
   • Slowly insert the intake V.V.T. sprocket assembly into the normal position of the inlet camshaft assembly with its knock pin hole facing straight upward.

2. Install the V.V.T. sprocket.

3. Make sure that the V.V.T. sprocket is securely inserted into the bottom and that the V.V.T. sprocket does not rotate with the hexagonal portion of the camshaft secured with a wrench.

4. Hold the hexagonal portion of the camshaft with a wrench and tighten the intake V.V.T. sprocket bolt to the specified tightening torque.
   
   **Tightening torque:** $59 \pm 5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (44 \pm 3 \text{ ft-lb})$

>>B<< EXHAUST V.V.T. SPROCKET BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Assemble the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket assembly in the following procedure.
   • Make sure that the knock pin of the exhaust camshaft assembly is positioned facing straight upward.
   • Apply an appropriate and minimum amount of engine oil to the circumference of the tip of the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket assembly and the entire circumference of the area into which the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket assembly is inserted.
   • Slowly insert the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket assembly into the normal position of the exhaust camshaft assembly with its knock pin hole facing straight upward.

2. Install the V.V.T. sprocket.

3. Make sure that the V.V.T. sprocket is securely inserted into the bottom and that the V.V.T. sprocket does not rotate with the hexagonal portion of the camshaft secured with a wrench.
4. Hold the hexagonal portion of the camshaft with a wrench and tighten the camshaft sprocket bolt to the specified tightening torque.
   
   **Tightening torque**: $59 \pm 5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ ($44 \pm 3 \text{ ft-lb}$)

---

**>>C<< TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION**

1. Align the timing mark of the V.V.T. sprocket.
2. Align the crankshaft sprocket keys with illustrated positions.
3. Align the link plate (orange) with the timing mark of the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket and loop the timing chain.
4. Align the link plate (blue) with the timing mark of the intake V.V.T. sprocket to loop the timing chain. Rotate the intake V.V.T. sprocket by one or two teeth to align with the timing mark.

5. Align the timing mark of the crankshaft sprocket with the link plate (blue) to loop the timing chain. Because the timing chain slacks, hold it to prevent the timing mark from coming off the link plate.

6. Make sure that the timing mark of each sprocket is aligned with the link plate of the timing chain at all of three locations.

7. Install the timing chain guide and tensioner lever.
>>D<< TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER
INSTALLATION
1. Install the timing chain tensioner on the cylinder block and tighten it to the specified torque.
   **Tightening torque: 10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb)**
2. Remove the hard wire (piano wire or the like) of φ1.5 or hexagonal bar wrench (1.5 mm [0.05 inch]) from the timing chain tensioner. This enables the plunger of the timing chain tensioner to push the tensioner lever to keep the timing chain tight.

INSPECTION
INTAKE V.V.T. SPROCKET

**CAUTION**
Never overhaul the V.V.T. sprocket.
1. Seal with a tape all the intake camshaft ports for the advanced angle and the retarded angle.
2. Make a hole on the port for the advanced angle.

**CAUTION**
Fix the camshaft on a vise not to damage it.
3. Fixing the hexagonal area of the intake camshaft on a vise, install the intake V.V.T. sprocket.

**CAUTION**
When applying air pressure, keep in mind that oil could splash.
4. By applying air pressure slowly to the holed port for the advanced angle, remove the stopper pin.
5. Turn the intake V.V.T. sprocket housing in the right and left directions. Check it smoothly moves in the range of A (approximately 20° )
   **NOTE:** The stopper pin is locked in the most retarded angle position.
6. After the check, remove the intake V.V.T. sprocket from the intake camshaft
7. Completely remove the tape sealing the intake camshaft ports for the advanced angle and for the retarded angle.
EXHAUST V.V.T. SPROCKET

**CAUTION**
Never overhaul the V.V.T. sprocket.
1. Seal with a tape all the exhaust camshaft ports for the advanced angle and the retarded angle.
2. Make a hole on the port for the retarded angle.

**CAUTION**
Fix the camshaft on a vise not to damage it.
3. Fixing the hexagonal area of the exhaust camshaft on a vise, install the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket.

**CAUTION**
When applying air pressure, keep in mind that oil could splash.
4. By applying air pressure slowly to the holed port for the retarded angle, remove the stopper pin.
5. Turn the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket housing in the right and left directions. Check it smoothly moves in the range of A (approximately 10°)

*NOTE: The stopper pin is locked in the most advanced angle position.*
6. After the check, remove the exhaust V.V.T. sprocket from the exhaust camshaft
7. Completely remove the tape sealing the exhaust camshaft ports for the advanced angle and for the retarded angle.

**VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT**
Check and adjust the valve clearance with the timing chain installed.
Measure valve clearance in the following procedure.
**CAUTION**

Always rotate the crankshaft clockwise.

1. Rotate the crankshaft clockwise to align the timing mark of the V.V.T. sprocket with the top surface of the cylinder head as illustrated. (Set the Number 1 piston at top dead center on the compression stroke.)

2. Valve clearance can be measured at the illustrated location in this condition.

3. Use a free gauge to measure clearance between the camshaft and valve tappet.

   **Standard value (when engine is cold):**
   
   - Intake side: $0.20 \pm 0.03 \text{ mm (0.008 \pm 0.001\text{inch})}$
   - Exhaust side: $0.30 \pm 0.03 \text{ mm (0.012 \pm 0.001 \text{ inch})}$

4. If measured values are out of the standard value, record measured values.

5. Rotate the crankshaft by one turn clockwise to set the Number 4 piston at top dead center on the compression stroke.

   **NOTE:** The timing mark of the V.V.T. exhaust sprocket must be at the illustrated position.
6. Valve clearance can be measured at the illustrated location in this condition.
7. If measured values are out of the standard value, record measured values.
8. If the measured value is out of the standard value, replace the valve tappet.

**NOTE:** There are 47 kinds of valve tappets at intervals of 0.015 mm (0.0006 inch) in the range between 3.000 mm (0.1181 inch) and 3.690 mm (0.145 inch).

9. Select a valve tappet in the following procedure.
   (1) Measure thickness of a removed valve tappet.
   (2) Calculate thickness of a valve tappet so that valve clearance meets the standard value.
   
   A: Thickness of valve tappet to be selected
   B: Thickness of removed valve tappet
   C: Measured valve clearance

   **Formula**
   Intake side: \[ A = B + (C - 0.20 \text{ mm } [0.08 \text{ inch}]) \]
   Exhaust side: \[ A = B + (C - 0.30 \text{ mm } [0.012 \text{ inch}]) \]

   Refer to "Removal and installation of camshaft" for removal, installation and inspection procedure of valve tappets.
Apply engine oil to all moving parts before installation.

Removal steps

1. Engine oil control valve (OCV) exhaust
2. O-ring
3. Engine oil control valve (OCV) intake
4. O-ring
5. Front camshaft bearing cap
6. Oil feeding camshaft bearing cap
7. Camshaft bearing cap
8. Thrust camshaft bearing cap
9. Bearing
10. Camshaft intake
11. Camshaft exhaust
12. Bearing
13. Valve tappet
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> FRONT CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP / OIL FEEDING CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP / CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP / THRUST CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP REMOVAL

⚠️ CAUTION
Loosening the installation bolts for the camshaft bearing cap at the same time causes the valve spring force, which makes the installation bolts jump out, resulting in the damaged threads. Always lose them four or five times. First remove a mounting bolt of the front camshaft bearing cap and then a mounting bolt of each camshaft bearing cap in the order shown in the illustration.

<<B>> VALVE TAPPET REMOVAL
Pick out valve tappets with fingers and store removed valve tappets with tags describing the installed position attached for reassembly.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< VALVE TAPPET INSTALLATION
Install valve tappets at the same position based on tags describing the installed position for reassembly.

>>B<< CAMSHAFT / BEARING / THRUST CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP / CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP / OIL FEEDING CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP / FRONT CAMSHAFT BEARING CAP INSTALLATION

1. When replacing a camshaft bearing, select a bearing with the size corresponding to the identification mark in the table below.

2. Install camshafts bearings on the cylinder head.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Camshaft bearing</th>
<th>Identification mark</th>
<th>Journal diameter mm (in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Camshaft</td>
<td>mark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identification</td>
<td>mark</td>
<td>40.000 – 40.008 (1.5748 – 1.5751)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journal diameter</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>(in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identification</td>
<td>mark</td>
<td>40.008 – 40.016 (1.5751 – 1.5754)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journal diameter</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>(in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identification</td>
<td>mark</td>
<td>40.016 – 40.024 (1.5754 – 1.5757)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TSB Revision
3. The identification mark of the camshaft bearing is painted at the illustrated position.

4. Set the dowel pins of the camshaft at the illustrated positions.

5. Camshaft bearing caps Number 1 to Number 4 are of the same shape. Install them upon checking the identification mark so as not to misidentify cap Number and to confuse the intake side with the exhaust side.

   Identification mark (stamped on front and Number 1 to Number 4 bearing caps)
   I: Intake side
   E: Exhaust side

6. Tighten each camshaft bearing cap mounting bolt to the specified torque in the order of number shown in the figure in two or three steps.

   Tightening torque: $12 \pm 1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (106 \pm 8 \text{ in-lb})$
7. Tighten each front camshaft bearing cap mounting bolt to the temporarily torque of 17 ± 3 N·m (14 ± 2 ft-lb) in the order of number shown (1).

8. Tighten each front camshaft bearing cap mounting bolt to the specified torque in the order shown (2).
   Tightening torque: 30 ± 2 N·m (22 ± 1 ft-lb)

>>C<< O-_RING / ENGINE OIL CONTROL VALVE INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
- The O-ring must not be reused.
- Wind non-adhesive tape (seal tape, etc.) around the notch of the oil passage of the oil feeder control valve before installing the O-ring to prevent damage. Damage to the O-ring causes oil leakage.

1. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the O-ring of the oil feeder control valve.

2. Install the oil feeder control valve on the cylinder head.

3. Tighten the oil feeder control valve to the specified tightening torque of 10 ± 2 N·m (89 ± 17 in-lb).

INSPECTION

CAMSHAFT

Measure camshaft height (camshaft major axis). If the height exceeds the limit, replace the camshaft.

Standard value:
- Intake: 44.1 mm (1.74 inch)
- Exhaust: 45.0 mm (1.77 inch)

Limit:
- Intake: 43.6 mm (1.72 inch)
- Exhaust: 44.5 mm (1.75 inch)
CAMSHAFT OIL CLEARANCE (PLASTIGAGE METHOD)

1. Thoroughly wipe oil on the outside diameter of the camshaft and the inside diameter of the bearing.
2. Install the bearing to the camshaft.
3. Put straightly the plastigage having the length of the bearing width on the journal axis, centering the axis.
4. Carefully install the bearing cap. Tighten the bolt as instructed in >>B<< Bolt Installation Point.
5. Remove the bolt and the bearing cap carefully.

6. Measure the plastigage whose width is most compressed using the scale printed on the plastigage bag. When the measured value deviates from the standard one, replace the bearing.

   Standard value: 0 − 0.032 mm (0.0013 inch)

   CAUTION

When the bearing is used again, be careful not to reverse the cylinder head side and the camshaft side at the installation.

VALVE TAPPET

1. Check the thickness stamp.
2. If the measured value in the table value is not in agreement with the value in the table to the thickness stamp, replace the valve tappet.

   There are 47 kinds of valve tappets at intervals of 0.015 mm (0.0006 inch) in the range between 3.000 (0.1181 inch) and 3.690 mm (0.1453 inch).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thickness mm (in)</th>
<th>Thickness stamp</th>
<th>Thickness mm (in)</th>
<th>Thickness stamp</th>
<th>Thickness mm (in)</th>
<th>Thickness stamp</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.000 (0.1181)</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td>3.240 (0.1276)</td>
<td>3.240</td>
<td>3.480 (0.1370)</td>
<td>3.480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.015 (0.1187)</td>
<td>3.015</td>
<td>3.255 (0.1281)</td>
<td>3.255</td>
<td>3.495 (0.1376)</td>
<td>3.495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.030 (0.1193)</td>
<td>3.030</td>
<td>3.270 (0.1287)</td>
<td>3.270</td>
<td>3.510 (0.1382)</td>
<td>3.510</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.045 (0.1199)</td>
<td>3.045</td>
<td>3.285 (0.1293)</td>
<td>3.285</td>
<td>3.525 (0.1388)</td>
<td>3.525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.060 (0.1205)</td>
<td>3.060</td>
<td>3.300 (0.1299)</td>
<td>3.300</td>
<td>3.540 (0.1394)</td>
<td>3.540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.075 (0.1211)</td>
<td>3.075</td>
<td>3.315 (0.1305)</td>
<td>3.315</td>
<td>3.555 (0.1400)</td>
<td>3.555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.090 (0.1217)</td>
<td>3.090</td>
<td>3.330 (0.1311)</td>
<td>3.330</td>
<td>3.570 (0.1406)</td>
<td>3.570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.105 (0.1222)</td>
<td>3.105</td>
<td>3.345 (0.1317)</td>
<td>3.345</td>
<td>3.585 (0.1411)</td>
<td>3.585</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.120 (0.1228)</td>
<td>3.120</td>
<td>3.360 (0.1323)</td>
<td>3.360</td>
<td>3.600 (0.1417)</td>
<td>3.600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.135 (0.1234)</td>
<td>3.135</td>
<td>3.375 (0.1329)</td>
<td>3.375</td>
<td>3.615 (0.1423)</td>
<td>3.615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.150 (0.1240)</td>
<td>3.150</td>
<td>3.390 (0.1335)</td>
<td>3.390</td>
<td>3.630 (0.1429)</td>
<td>3.630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.165 (0.1246)</td>
<td>3.165</td>
<td>3.405 (0.1341)</td>
<td>3.405</td>
<td>3.645 (0.1435)</td>
<td>3.645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.180 (0.1252)</td>
<td>3.180</td>
<td>3.420 (0.1346)</td>
<td>3.420</td>
<td>3.660 (0.1441)</td>
<td>3.660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.195 (0.1258)</td>
<td>3.195</td>
<td>3.435 (0.1352)</td>
<td>3.435</td>
<td>3.675 (0.1447)</td>
<td>3.675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.210 (0.1264)</td>
<td>3.210</td>
<td>3.450 (0.1358)</td>
<td>3.450</td>
<td>3.690 (0.1453)</td>
<td>3.690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.225 (0.1270)</td>
<td>3.225</td>
<td>3.465 (0.1364)</td>
<td>3.465</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Apply engine oil to all moving parts before installation.

Removal steps:

- D1. Cylinder head bolt
- D2. Cylinder head bolt washer
- D3. Cylinder head bolt & washer assembly
- C4. Cylinder head assembly
- C5. Cylinder head gasket
- A6. Engine oil control valve (OCV) filter

Removal steps (Continued):

- A7. Retainer lock
- B8. Valve spring retainer
- B9. Valve spring
- B10. Intake valve
- A11. Retainer lock
- A12. Valve spring retainer
- A13. Valve spring
- A14. Exhaust valve
- B15. Valve stem seal
- A16. Valve stem seal
- A17. Intake valve guide
- A18. Exhaust valve guide
- A19. Intake valve seat
- A20. Exhaust valve seat
- A21. Cylinder head
Required Special Tool:
- MD998735: Valve spring compressor
- MB992089: Retainer holder C
- MB992085: Valve stem seal pliers

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> RETAINER LOCK REMOVAL

⚠️ CAUTION
Be careful not to allow retainer holder C to interfere with the wall of the tappet hole and to damage it.
Use a special tool MD998735, and MB992089 to compress the valve spring and to remove the retainer lock.

NOTE: Store removed parts such as valves and springs with tags describing cylinder Number and installed position attached for reassembly.

<<B>> VALVE STEM SEAL REMOVAL

Use special tool MB992085 to firmly pinch the base (larger external shape) of the stem seal and twist it right and left for pulling out.
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< VALVE STEM SEAL INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
- The valve stem seal must not be reused.
- Do not damage the tappet wall during assembly.
- Be sure to use a special tool to install the valve stem seal. Poor installation causes oil loss via valve guides.
- If oil is not applied, the valve stem seal may rise to the surface after it is press fitted.

1. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to a new valve stem seal.

2. Use special tool MD998737 to press fit the valve stem seal into the valve guide with the valve stem used as a guide.

>>B<< RETAINER LOCK INSTALLATION

Use a special tool MD998735, and MB992089 to compress the valve spring and to install the retainer lock.
>>C<< CYLINDER HEAD GASKET / CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

1. Completely remove the liquid gasket on the upper plane of the cylinder block and the lower plane of the cylinder head.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️
Sufficiently check that there is no residual oil on the place where degreasing is performed. If fingerprints are left, do not touch it with bare hands after the degreasing, since the oils from your fingers will harm the seal ability.

2. Degrease the place specified in the illustration.

3. As shown in the illustration, apply a 2.5 ± 0.5 mm (0.1 ± 0.02 inch) of sealant to the top face of cylinder block.

**Specified sealant:**
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent

4. Install the cylinder head gasket.

**NOTE:** Check that the center of the liquid gasket is located toward the cylinder gasket in the position specified in the illustration.

5. As shown in the illustration, apply a 2.5 ± 0.5 mm (0.1 ± 0.02 inch) of sealant to the top face of cylinder head gasket.

**Specified sealant:**
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent

6. Install the cylinder head assembly.
**>>D<< CYLINDER HEAD BOLT INSTALLATION**

1. Install new cylinder head bolts and washers in the following procedure.
   
   **NOTE:** Cylinder head bolts and washers must not be reused.

2. Apply an appropriate amount of engine oil to top and bottom surfaces of washers and threaded portion of bolts.

3. Install cylinder head bolts to the cylinder head.
   
   **NOTE:** Bolts and washers are different parts for bolts on the timing chain side.

4. Tighten cylinder head bolts in several steps to the specified torque according to the assembly order.
   
   **Tightening torque:** $35 \pm 2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m (26 \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb)}}$

5. Put a paint mark on all of cylinder head bolt heads and cylinder head.

   **CAUTION**
   
   - When the tightening angle is smaller than the specified tightening angle, the appropriate tightening capacity cannot be secured.
   - When the tightening angle is larger than the specified tightening angle, remove the bolt to start from the beginning again according to the procedure.

6. Tighten the cylinder head $90^\circ$ according to the tightening order.
   
   Tighten it further $90^\circ$ and make sure that the paint mark on the cylinder head bolt is in a straight line with that on the cylinder head.

**INSPECTION**

**CYLINDER HEAD**

1. Check the cylinder head for water leakage, gas leakage, damage or cracks before cleaning.

2. Completely remove oil, scale, sealant, carbon, etc. After cleaning oil passages, blow air to make sure that they are not clogged.
**CAUTION**

The grinding limit shall be within 0.2 mm (0.008 inch) in combination with the cylinder block to be assembled.

3. For the flatness on the cylinder head bottom, measure distortion using a straight edge and free gauge. If the distortion exceeds the limit, grind and repair it.

**Distortion on bottom**
- **Standard value:** Within 0.05 mm (0.002 inch)
- **Limit:** 0.2 mm (0.08 inch)
- **Grinding limit:** 0.2 mm (0.008 inch)

**Cylinder head height**
- **Standard value:** 128.5 mm (5.06 inch)

---

**VALVE**

1. Repair the valve seat if contact with the valve seat is poor, uneven or broken.

2. Measure the margin.
   - If the limit is exceeded, replace the valve.
   - **Standard value:**
     - Intake 1.022 mm (0.0402 inch)
     - Exhaust 1.094 mm (0.0431 inch)
   - **Limit:**
     - Intake 0.522 mm (0.0206 inch)
     - Exhaust 0.594 mm (0.0234 inch)

3. Measure overall length of the valve.
   - If the limit is exceeded, replace the valve.
   - **Standard value:**
     - Intake 113.18 mm (4.456 inch)
     - Exhaust 105.89 mm (4.169 inch)
   - **Limit:**
     - Intake 112.68 mm (4.436 inch)
     - Exhaust 105.39 mm (4.149 inch)

---

**VALVE SPRING**

1. Measure free height of the spring.
   - If the limit is exceeded, replace the spring.
   - **Standard value:** 47.2 mm (1.858 inch)

2. Measure squareness of the spring.
   - If the inclination exceeds the limit, replace the spring.
   - **Standard value:** 2° or less
   - **Limit:** 4°
VALVE GUIDE
Measure clearance between the valve guide and valve stem. If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace the valve guide or valve, or both.

**Standard value:**
- Intake: 0.020 – 0.047 mm (0.0008 – 0.0019 inch)
- Exhaust: 0.030 – 0.054 mm (0.0012 – 0.0021 inch)

**Limit:**
- Intake: 0.10 mm (0.0039 inch)
- Exhaust: 0.11 mm (0.0043 inch)

VALVE SEAT
Assemble the valve, then measure the contact width. If the measurement exceeds the specified limit, replace the valve seat.

**Standard value**
- Intake: 1.16 – 1.46 mm (0.046 – 0.058 inch)
- Exhaust: 1.35 – 1.65 mm (0.053 – 0.065 inch)

⚠️ **CAUTION**
If the variation in the width exceeds 0.2 mm even if the contact width is within the standard value, replace or correct the valve sheet.

REPAIR PROCEDURE OF VALVE SEAT
1. Check clearance between valve guide and valve and replace the valve guide if necessary before repairing the valve seat.
2. Repair the valve seat so that seat width and seat angle are to the specified shape.
3. Lap valve and valve seat with lapping compound after repairing valve seat.
1. Scrape the valve seat to be replaced from inside to make its wall thickness thin before pulling out.

2. Repair the valve seat hole of the cylinder head to match it with the diameter of the oversize valve seat to be press fitted.

   Intake valve seat bore diameter: 
   0.3 Over size: 36.22 – 36.24 mm (1.426 – 1.427 inch)
   Exhaust valve seat bore diameter: 
   0.3 Over size: 30.22 – 30.24 mm (1.190 – 1.191 inch)

3. Press fit the valve seat, taking care not to score the cylinder head bore at room temperature.

4. Ream the valve seat.
   Refer to "Repair procedure of valve seat."

REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE OF VALVE GUIDE

1. Pull out the valve guide with a press toward the cylinder block side.

2. Ream the valve guide hole of the cylinder head to match it with the diameter of the oversize valve guide to be press fitted.

   CAUTION
   Do not use a valve guide with the same size as that of the pulled out valve guide because it cannot be press fitted.

   Valve guide bore diameter
   0.25 Over size: 11.23 – 11.25 mm (0.442 – 0.443 inch)

3. Press fit the valve guide to the illustrated dimension.

   Standard value: 14.6 – 15.2 mm (0.57 – 0.60 inch)
   NOTE: Press fit the valve guide from the cylinder head top surface.

4. After pressing fit the valve guide, insert a new valve to check for sliding.
Apply engine oil to all moving parts before installation.

Removal steps:

1. Drive plate bolt (<CVT>)
2. Adapter plate (<CVT>)
3. Drive plate (<CVT>)
4. Flywheel bolt (<MT>)
5. Flywheel (<MT>)
6. Rear oil seal
7. Balancer shaft chain tensioner
8. Balancer shaft tensioner lever
9. Balancer shaft chain guide
10. Balancer shaft module
11. Balancer chain
12. Crankshaft sprocket
13. Ladder frame
Required Special Tool:
- MB991883: Flywheel stopper
- MB991614: Angle gauge
- MD998718: Rear oil seal installer

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> DRIVE PLATE BOLT / FLYWHEEL BOLT REMOVAL
1. Use special tool MB991883 to secure the drive plate or flywheel.
2. Remove the drive plate bolts or flywheel bolts.

<<B>> BALANCER SHAFT CHAIN TENSIONER / CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET / BALANCER CHAIN / BALANCER SHAFT MODULE REMOVAL

⚠️ CAUTION
Reliably secure the plunger of the chain tensioner with hard wire to prevent it from jumping out of the main body.
1. Push in the balancer shaft tensioner lever by hand and push in the plunger of the chain tensioner until it contacts the bottom. Then, insert hard wire (piano wire, etc.) of φ1.5 or hexagonal bar wrench (1.5 mm [0.06 inch]) into the plunger fixing hole to secure.
2. Remove the balancer shaft chain tensioner.

⚠️ CAUTION
The balancer shaft module must not be disassembled because of assembly warranty.
3. Remove the crankshaft sprocket, balancer chain and balancer shaft module as a unit.
<<C>> LADDER FRAME REMOVAL
1. Pry the illustrated position with a screwdriver or tap the boss with a hammer.

2. If the ladder frame does not come off, insert a flatblade screwdriver into the gap between the ladder frame and bearing cap as shown in the illustration and lightly pry it to remove the ladder frame.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< LADDER FRAME INSTALLATION

⚠️ CAUTION
Be sure to remove liquid gasket that has entered mounting holes.
1. Completely remove liquid gasket adhering to the cylinder block and ladder frame.

⚠️ CAUTION
Sufficiently check that there is no residual oil on the place where degreasing is performed. If fingerprints are left, do not touch it with bare hands after the degreasing, since the oils from your fingers will harm the seal ability.

2. Degrease the surface where the liquid gasket is applied and the contact surface between the cylinder block and ladder frame.
3. Squeeze liquid gasket of φ2.5 ± 0.5 mm (0.10 ± 0.02 inch) in thickness and apply it to the illustrated position of the ladder frame.

Specified sealant:
Three bond 1217G or exact equivalent

4. Tighten the ladder frame to the specified tightening torque in the order shown in the illustration.

Tightening torque: 26 ± 1 N·m (19 ± 1 ft-lb)

>>B<< CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET / BALANCER CHAIN / BALANCER SHAFT MODULE INSTALLATION

1. When the new balancer shaft module is installed, supply oil to the oil pump and the balancer shaft bearing in the balancer shaft module using the following procedures.

(1) Clean the inside of the removed oil pan. Put the balancer shaft module carefully into the oil pan so that the oil inlet can be upward.

(2) Pour the engine oil so that the two-third of the balancer module can be immersed.

(3) Also, pour approximate 50 cm$^3$ (3.1 cu in) of engine oil from the oil inlet.

(4) By giving four clockwise rotations or more to the balancer shaft sprocket, the oil is supplied to the oil pump and the balancer shaft bearing.
2. Wipe the dirt on the crankshaft sprocket and the crankshaft using a rag, and then remove the grease from the portion shown in the illustration.

   NOTE: Remove grease to prevent a drop in the coefficient of friction of the pressing portion caused by adhesion of oil.

3. Align the timing mark of the balancer shaft module sprocket with that of the balancer shaft module.

4. Insert a hexagonal bar wrench (3 mm [0.12 inch]) as illustrated to prevent the balancer shaft module sprocket from moving.

5. Loop the balancer chain, aligning its link plate with the timing mark.

6. Install the crankshaft sprocket on the crankshaft.

   NOTE: Do not push in the crankshaft sprocket to the normal position. Push it in only up to the tip of the crankshaft.

7. While slanting the balancer shaft module, align the link plate of another balancer chain with the timing mark of the crankshaft sprocket to loop. Gradually push in the crankshaft sprocket and fit it into the key groove of the crankshaft. Then, install the balancer shaft module on the ladder frame.

   NOTE: Make sure that the balancer shaft module is completely intimate contact with the ladder frame.

   NOTE: Make sure that the key groove of the crankshaft is aligned with the contact surface of the cylinder block and ladder frame as shown in the illustration.
8. Apply an appropriate and minimum amount of engine oil to the screw thread of the balancer shaft module bolt.

9. Tighten bolts to the specified tightening torque of 20 N·m (14 ft-lb) according to the assembly order in the illustration, retighten them to 44 N·m (32 ft-lb), and then completely loosen them.

10. After tightening them to the specified tightening torque of 20 N·m again, use special tool MB991614 to tighten them up to 135°.

11. Pull out the hexagonal bar wrench from the balancer module sprocket.
12. Make sure that the respective timing mark is aligned with each other as illustrated.
13. Install the balancer chain tensioner lever and balancer chain guide.

>>C<< BALANCER SHAFT CHAIN TENSIONER INSTALLATION
1. Attach the chain tensioner to the ladder frame.

⚠️ CAUTION
Install the chain tensioner precisely in place after installing the tensioner lever and chain guide to prevent the plunger of the chain tensioner from jumping out.
2. Remove the hard wire (piano wire, etc.) of $\phi 1.5$ or hexagonal bar wrench (1.5 mm [0.06 inch]) from the tensioner. This enables the plunger of the chain tensioner to push the balancer shaft tensioner lever to keep the balancer shaft chain tight.

>>D<< REAR OIL SEAL INSTALLATION
⚠️ CAUTION
Do not apply oil to the circumference of the oil seal and oil seal pressing hole on the cylinder block side to prevent teeth from pulling out.
After applying a small amount of engine oil to the oil seal lip, use special tool MD998718 to press fit the oil seal.
>>E<< DRIVE PLATE BOLT / FLYWHEEL BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Clean off sealant and oil of thread of crankshaft and drive plate bolts or flywheel bolts.
2. Use special tool MB991883 to secure the drive plate or flywheel bolts.

3. Apply engine oil to thread of crankshaft and bolt seat area of drive plate or flywheel bolts.
4. Apply the sealant to the thread of drive plate bolt or flywheel bolts.
   
   **Specified sealant:**
   - Three bond 1324 or equivalent

5. Tighten drive plate bolts or flywheel bolts to temporary torque of 40 N·m (32 ft-lb) in the order shown to illustration.
6. Tighten drive plate bolts or flywheel bolts to specified tightening in the order shown in the illustration.
   
   **Tightening torque:** 130 N·m (95 ft-lb)
Apply engine oil to all moving parts before installation.

Removal steps

1. Connecting rod cap bolt
2. Connecting rod cap
3. Connecting rod bearing
4. Connecting rod bearing
5. Piston connecting rod assembly
6. Piston ring Number 1
7. Piston ring Number 2
8. Oil ring
9. Piston pin
10. Piston
11. Connecting rod

Removal steps (Continued)

- 5.0 N·m → 20 N·m → +90˚
- 44 in-lb → 14 ft-lb

AKS02837AE

TSB Revision
Required Special Tool:
- MD998780: Piston pin setting tool
- MB991659: Guide D
- MD998718: Rear oil seal installer

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> CONNECTING ROD REMOVAL
Enter cylinder Number for reassembly on the side of the connecting rod big end.

<<B>> PISTON PIN REMOVAL
Special tool MD998780 consists of parts shown in the illustration. Use also special tool MB991659 to remove the piston pin.
1. Insert the push rod into the piston pin from the front mark side of the piston top surface, and attach special tool MB991659.
2. Set the piston and connecting rod assembly on the base so that the front mark of the piston faces upward.
3. Use a press to push the push rod and pull out the piston pin.

NOTE: After pulling out the piston pin, organize pistons, piston pins and connecting rods by cylinder Number.

### INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

#### >>A<< PISTON PIN INSTALLATION

1. When replacing a piston, check the cylinder bore size mark stamped on the illustrated position of the cylinder block and select a corresponding piston from the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cylinder bore size mark</th>
<th>Piston size mark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE: The piston size mark is indicated on the piston top face.

2. Insert the push rod into the piston pin and attach guide A.
3. Align the front mark of the piston with that of the connecting rod to assemble.
4. Apply engine oil to the circumference of the piston pin.
5. Insert the guide A side of the piston pin assembled in section 1 into the pin hole from the front mark side of the piston.
6. Screw guide B into guide A and open clearance between guide A and guide B by 3 mm (0.11 inch) (make the base in line with flushed surface) to assemble.
7. Set the piston on special tool piston setting base so that its front mark faces upward.
8. Use a press to press fit the piston pin. If the press fit load is below the standard value, replace the piston pin (piston assembly) or connecting rod, or both.

Standard value: 7,500 – 17,500 N (1.686 – 3.934 lbf)

>>B<< OIL RING INSTALLATION

1. Assemble the spacer of the oil ring into the piston ring groove. Then, assemble the upper side rail, and after this assemble the lower side rail.

NOTE: Install the side rail and end gap of the spacer so that they are at the position as shown in the illustration.
**CAUTION**
The side rail may be broken if its end gap is widened by a ring expander as in other piston rings.

2. When assembling the side rail, push it by fingers, after fitting one end of the side rail into the piston groove, for easy assembly.

3. After assembling the oil ring into the piston, make sure that the side rail turns smoothly to either direction.

>>C<< PISTON RING NUMBER. 2 / PISTON RING NUMBER. 1 INSTALLATION

Use a piston ring expander to assemble piston rings with their identification marks facing upward. Piston rings can be assembled by hand without using the piston ring expander.

**Identification mark:**
Number 1 ring: 1T
Number 2 ring: 2T

>>D<< PISTON CONNECTING ROD ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

1. Apply a sufficient amount of engine oil to the circumference of the piston, piston rings and oil ring.
2. Arrange end gap positions of piston rings and oil ring (side rail and spacer) as shown in the illustration.

3. Insert the piston and connecting rod assembly from the top surface of the cylinder block with the front mark of the piston top face facing toward the timing belt side.

**CAUTION**
Driving it in hard causes breakage of piston rings and damage to the crank pin.

4. Firmly tighten the piston ring with a ring band and insert the piston and connecting rod assembly.

>>E<< CONNECTING ROD BEARING INSTALLATION
1. When replacing a connecting rod bearing, select the bearing corresponding to the crankshaft pin outside diameter according to the crankshaft pin identification in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crankshaft pin</th>
<th>Connecting rod bearing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Identification mark</td>
<td>Journal diameter mm (in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>47.966 – 47.972 (1.8884 – 1.8886)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>47.960 – 47.966 (1.8882 – 1.8884)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>47.954 – 47.960 (1.8880 – 1.8881)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. An identification mark of a crankshaft is stamped at the illustrated position by Number
3. A connecting rod bearing has an identification mark at the illustrated position.

>>F<< CONNECTING ROD CAP INSTALLATION

NOTE: The connecting rod resulting from the breaking process has the high insertion force. The new connecting rod assembly may possibly be difficult to remove the connecting rod.

If difficult to remove it, alternately strike the two bolt heads with a plastic hammer while the connecting rod bolt is slightly loosened, or strike the center of the cap shaft’s inside diameter slightly and outward.

If the outside of the cap is directly struck, the lateral force is added to the broken-out section. Thus, pay attention to the broken-out section that might be difficult to be separated or might fall.

Clean the broken-out section before the installation to the engine, using compression air.

1. Assemble the bearing cap on the connecting rod by aligning it with the mark put during removal. If a new connecting rod without a mating mark is used, assemble so that the detent notch of the bearing is on the same side as illustrated.

2. Make sure that clearance of the thrust of the connecting rod big end is appropriate.

   Standard value: 0.10 – 0.25 mm (0.004 – 0.010 inch)
   Limit: 0.4 mm (0.016 inch)
CONNECTING ROD CAP BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Check in the following procedure before reusing the connecting rod bolt.
   (1) Measure the outside diameter "A."
   (2) Measure the smallest outside diameter "B" within the range "X" shown in the illustration.
   (3) If the difference of outside diameter of thread exceeds the limit, replace the connecting rod bolt.
       Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 inch)

2. Apply engine oil to the threaded portion and seat surface of the bolt before installing it.

3. After installing each bolt and tightening it by fingers, tighten bolts alternately to properly assemble the cap.

4. Tighten the bolt in several steps until the torque reaches 5.0 N⋅m (44 in-lb).

5. Tighten the bolt in several steps until the torque reaches 20 N⋅m (14 ft-lb).

6. Put a paint mark on the bolt head as illustrated.

7. Put a paint mark on the connecting rod at 90° position in the tightening direction of the bolt with reference to the paint mark position of the bolt.

CAUTION
- When the tightening angle is smaller than the specified tightening angle, the appropriate tightening capacity cannot be secured.
- When the tightening angle is larger than the specified tightening angle, remove the bolt to start from the beginning again according to the procedure.

8. Tighten the bolt 90°, and make sure that the paint mark of the connecting rod is aligned with that of the bolt.

INSPECTION

PISTON RINGS

1. Check clearance between piston rings and ring grooves. If the limit is exceeded, replace piston rings or piston, or both.
   Standard value:
   - Number 1 ring: 0.03 –0.07 mm (0.001 –0.003 inch)
   - Number 2 ring: 0.03 –0.07 mm (0.001 –0.003 inch)
   Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 inch)
2. Put piston rings into the cylinder bore, press them against the piston top face, and push them in. After achieving squareness, measure the end gap with a free gauge. If the end gap is excessive, replace piston rings.

**Standard value:**
- Number 1 ring: 0.15 – 0.25 mm (0.006 – 0.011 inch)
- Number 2 ring: 0.25 – 0.40 mm (0.010 – 0.016 inch)
- Oil ring: 0.10 – 0.35 mm (0.004 – 0.014 inch)

**Limit:**
- Number 1 ring: 0.8 mm (0.03 inch)
- Number 2 ring: 0.8 mm (0.03 inch)
- Oil ring: 1.0 mm (0.04 inch)

**CRANKSHAFT PIN OIL CLEARANCE (PLASTIGAGE METHOD)**

1. Wipe oil off the crankshaft pin and connecting rod bearing.
2. Place a plastigage in length equal to the bearing width on the pin shaft straight in alignment with the shaft center.
3. Carefully install the connecting rod cap and tighten bolts to the specified tightening torque of 5.0 N·m (44 in-lb) \(\rightarrow\) 20 N·m (15 ft-lb) \(\rightarrow\) 90°.
4. Remove bolts and gently remove the connecting rod cap.
5. Measure the crushed plastigage width (area most widely crushed) using a scale printed on the plastigage bag.

**Standard value:** 0.018 – 0.045 mm (0.0007 – 0.0018 inch)
**Limit:** 0.1 mm (0.04 inch)
Apply engine oil to all moving parts before installation.

Removal steps

1. Crankshaft bearing cap bolt
2. Crankshaft bearing cap
3. Crankshaft bearing lower
4. Crankshaft

Removal steps (Continued)

5. Crankshaft bearing upper
6. Thrust bearing
7. Crankshaft sensing ring
8. Cylinder block
REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<<A>> CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL
When temporarily placing the crankshaft with the crankshaft sensing ring attached, temporarily place it on a V-block to prevent teeth of the sensing ring from deforming.

NOTE: If a tooth bends, be sure to replace the crankshaft sensing ring with a new one.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< CRANKSHAFT SENSING RING INSTALLATION
Tighten crankshaft sensing ring bolts to specified torque in the tightening order shown in the illustration.

Tightening torque: 11 N·m (98 ± 8 in-lb)

>>B<< THRUST BEARING INSTALLATION
1. Install the thrust bearing on the Number 3 bearing on the cylinder block side. Application of engine oil makes the installation easy.
2. Install the thrust bearing so that the grooved side is on the crankshaft weight side.
1. When replacing the crankshaft bearing upper, select a bearing with the size corresponding to the crankshaft journal diameter in the table below.

2. The crankshaft bearing upper has an identification mark at the illustrated position.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cylinder block</th>
<th>Crankshaft bearing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Identification mark</td>
<td>Journal diameter mm (in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>56.000 – 56.006 (2.2047 – 202049)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>56.006 – 56.012 (2.2050 – 2.2051)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>56.012 – 56.018 (2.2050 – 2.2054)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Install the selected crankshaft bearing upper.
>>D<< CRANKSHAFT BEARING LOWER INSTALLATION

1. When replacing the crankshaft bearing lower, select a bearing with the size corresponding to the crankshaft journal diameter in the table below.

2. The crankshaft bearing lower has an identification mark at the illustrated position.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identification mark</th>
<th>Crankshaft bearing</th>
<th>Journal diameter mm (in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>51.985 – 51.988</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2.04665 – 2.04677)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>51.982 – 51.985</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2.04653 – 2.04665)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>51.979 – 51.982</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2.04641 – 2.04653)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>51.976 – 51.979</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2.04629 – 2.04641)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>51.973 – 51.976</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2.04618 – 2.04629)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Install the selected crankshaft bearing lower.
>>E<< CRANKSHAFT BEARING CAP / CRANKSHAFT BEARING CAP BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Install the crankshaft bearing cap with reference to the identification mark as illustrated.

2. Make sure that the underhead length of the bolt is at or below the limit before installing the crankshaft bearing cap bolt. If the length exceeds the limit, replace the bolt with a new one.

   Limit: 75.5 – 76.5 mm (2.972 – 3.012 inch)

3. Apply engine oil to the threaded portion and seat surface of the bolt.

4. Tighten crankshaft bearing cap bolts to specified torque according to the tightening order.

   CAUTION

   • When the tightening angle is smaller than the specified tightening angle, the appropriate tightening capacity cannot be secured.

   • When the tightening angle is larger than the specified tightening angle, remove the bolt to start from the beginning again according to the procedure.

5. Use special tool Angle gauge (MB991614) to tighten bolts 45° according to the tightening order.
6. Check end play of the crankshaft after installing the crankshaft bearing cap. If the end play exceeds the limit, replace the thrust bearing.

   Standard value: 0.05 – 0.25 mm (0.002 – 0.010 inch)
   Limit: 0.4 mm (0.016 inch)

INSPECTION

CRANKSHAFT OIL CLEARANCE (PLASTIGAGE METHOD)

Oil clearance can be easily measured by using a "plastigage." When using a "plastigage," perform measurement in the following procedure.

1. Fully wipe oil off the outside diameter of the crankshaft and inside diameter of the bearing.
2. Assemble the crankshaft.
3. Place a plastigage in length equal to the bearing width on the journal shaft straight in alignment with the shaft center.
4. Carefully install the bearing cap and tighten the bolt according to the main point of installation >>B<<.
5. Remove the bolt, and then carefully remove the crankshaft bearing cap.

6. Measure the crushed plastigage width (area most widely crushed) using a scale printed on the plastigage bag.

   Standard value: 0.012 – 0.030 mm (0.0005 – 0.0012 inch)
   Limit: 0.08 mm (0.0031 inch)
CYLINDER BLOCK

1. Visually check the cylinder block for scratch, rust and corrosion. Use a flaw detecting agent to check for cracks. If it is found faulty, repair or replace it.

2. Measure distortion on the top surface of the cylinder block using a straight edge and free gauge. If distortion exceeds the limit, grind and repair it. A gasket or the like must not be adhered to the top surface of the cylinder block during measurement.

   **Distortion on bottom**
   
   **Standards value:** Within 0.05 mm (0.0020 inch)
   
   **Limit:** 0.2 mm (0.008 inch)
   
   **Grinding limit:** 0.2 mm (0.008 inch)

3. Check the cylinder wall for scratch or seizure. If there is any defect, replace the cylinder block.

4. Measure the bore and cylindricity of the cylinder using a cylinder gauge. If the cylinder is excessively worn, repair the cylinder and replace the piston and piston rings. Measuring points are as shown in the illustration.

   **Standard value**
   
   **Cylinder bore:** 88 mm (3.46 inch)
   
   **Cylindricity:** 0.0076 mm (0.0003 inch)